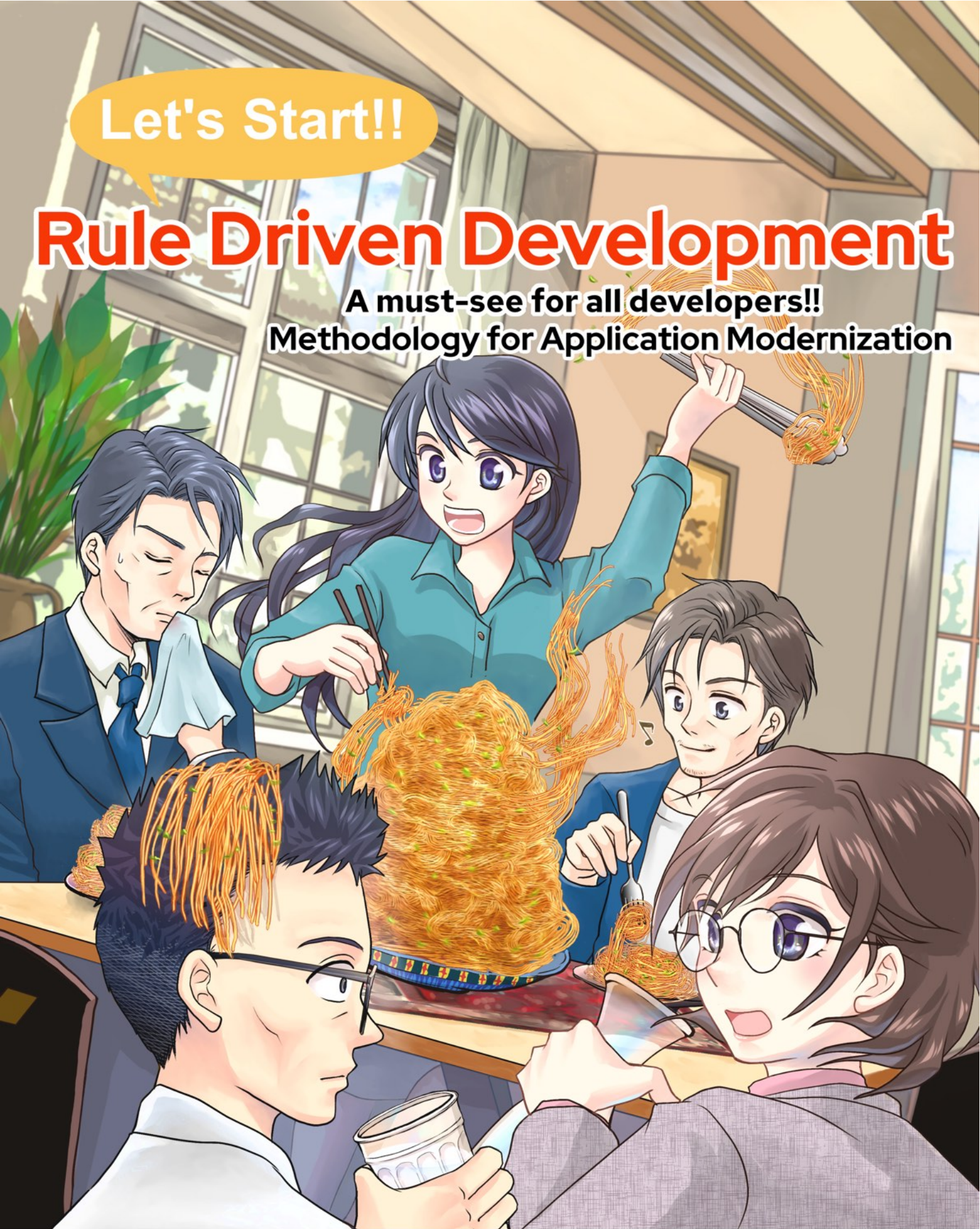


Let's Start!!

# Rule Driven Development

A must-see for all developers!!  
Methodology for Application Modernization





# Charactor

## Company Y

**Sato**

Superior of Kasumi,  
General Manager of IT Div.

**Kasumi**

Main charactor,  
5 years in Y company, IT Div.

**Araki**

Human Resource (HR) Specialist,  
HR Div.

**Tomoko**

Colleague of Kasumi, Sales Div.

**HIKARI**



Legacy HR System in Y company

**Red Hat**

**Takahashi**  
Senior Architect

## Story

HIKARI is the system of HR in Company Y running from 20 years ago. Replaced into Open 10 years ago after running 10 years on Mainframe.

After that, the company continued to expand functions and replace DB. However because of consolidation of group companies, overall renewal plan has been established 5 years ago due to needs of system integration and increase of mantainance costs.

A team was formed with elite members of the IT div. and existing vendors, and began to analyse the entire complicated HIKARI system. However , they could not finish analysis of current system after one year, and demands for new system accumulated significantly, and after all they could not even estimate entire renewal cost.

The renewal of current system was stopped, and no positive result at all, then finally the decision was made to cancel this plan in the 2nd year. In this stressful environment, many members got health issues or left company.

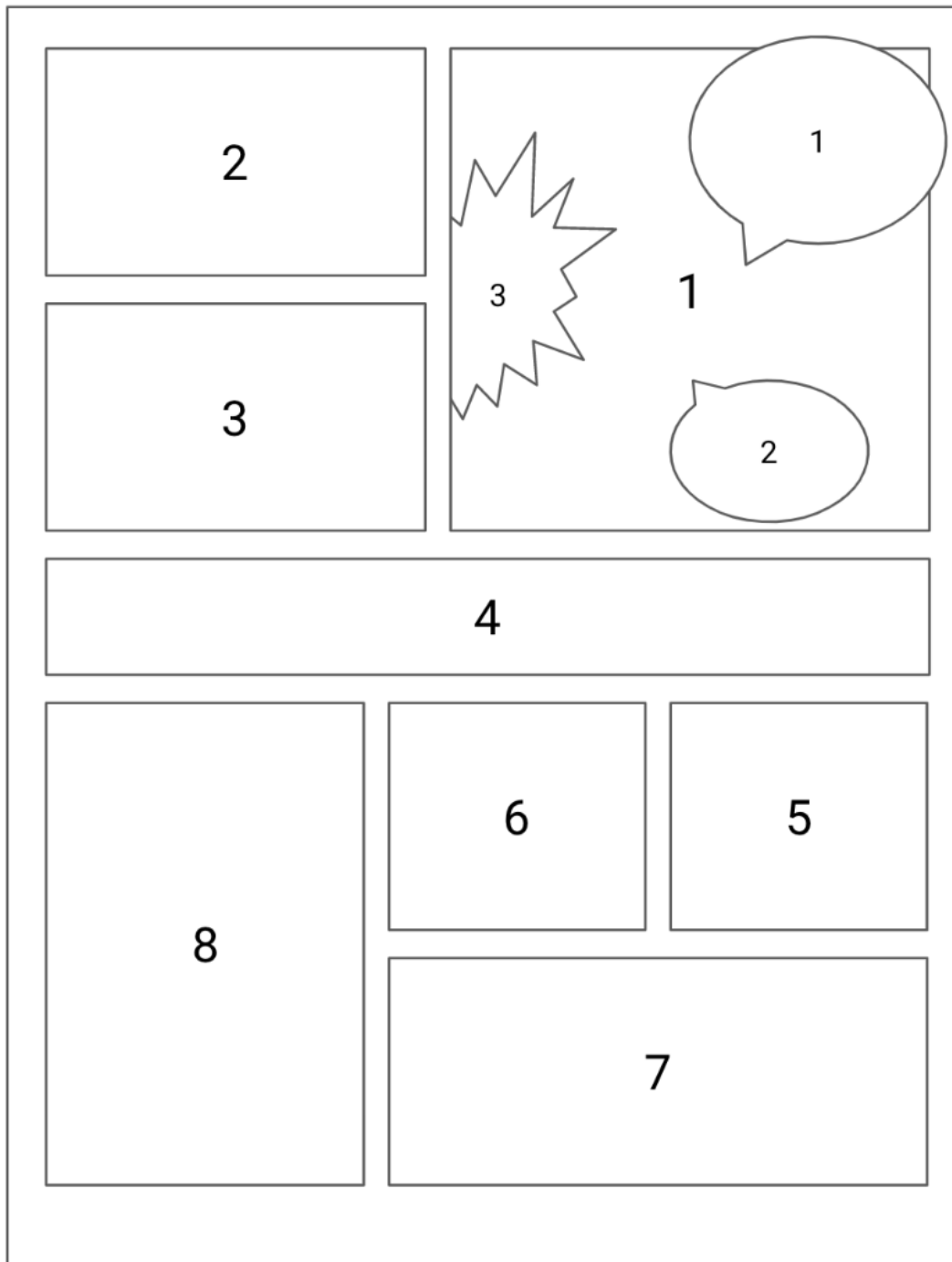
The cost already paid to the existing vendor was huge. After this failure, a contract was signed to extend support free of charge, and the legacy system will continue to perform in HR of Company Y.

However, the NOZOMI project has now been launched as re-renewal project of the HIKARI.

# How to read manga

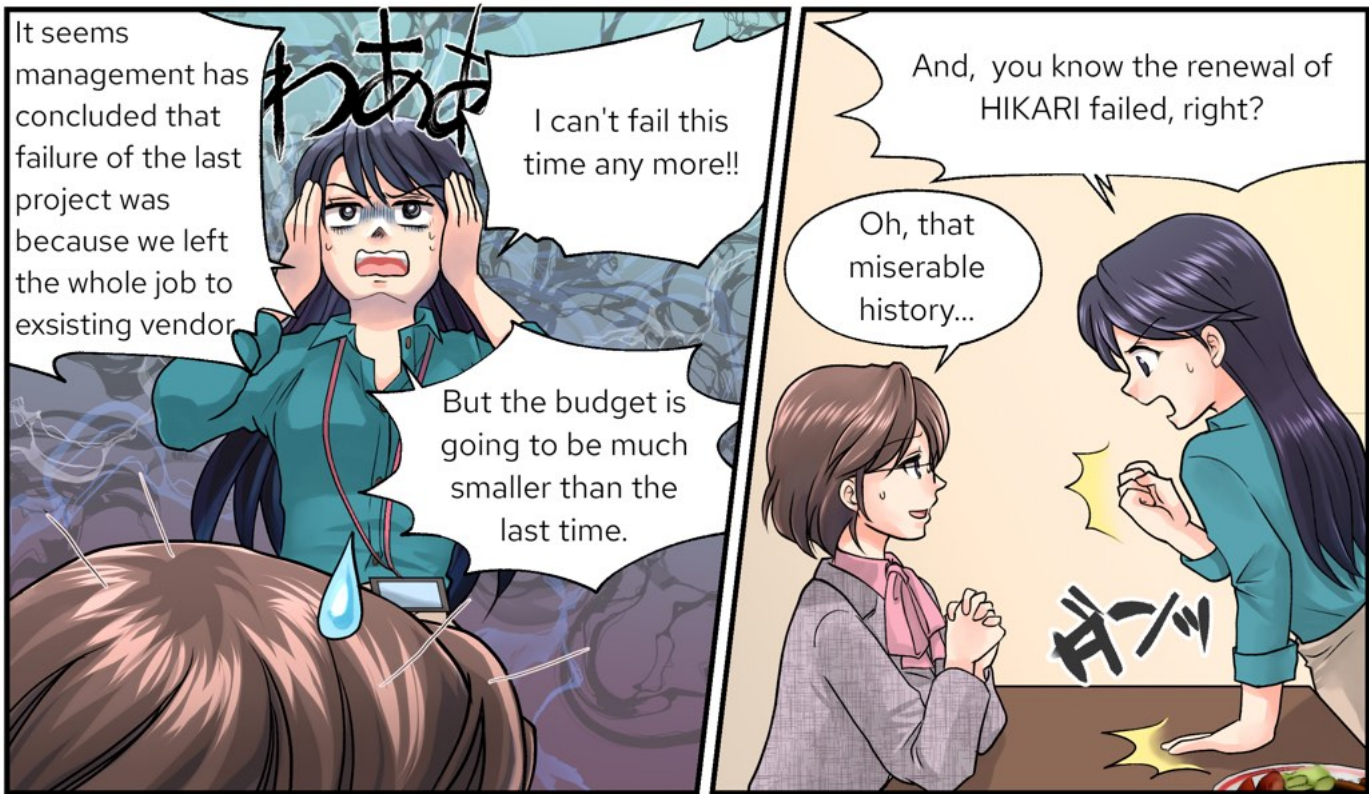
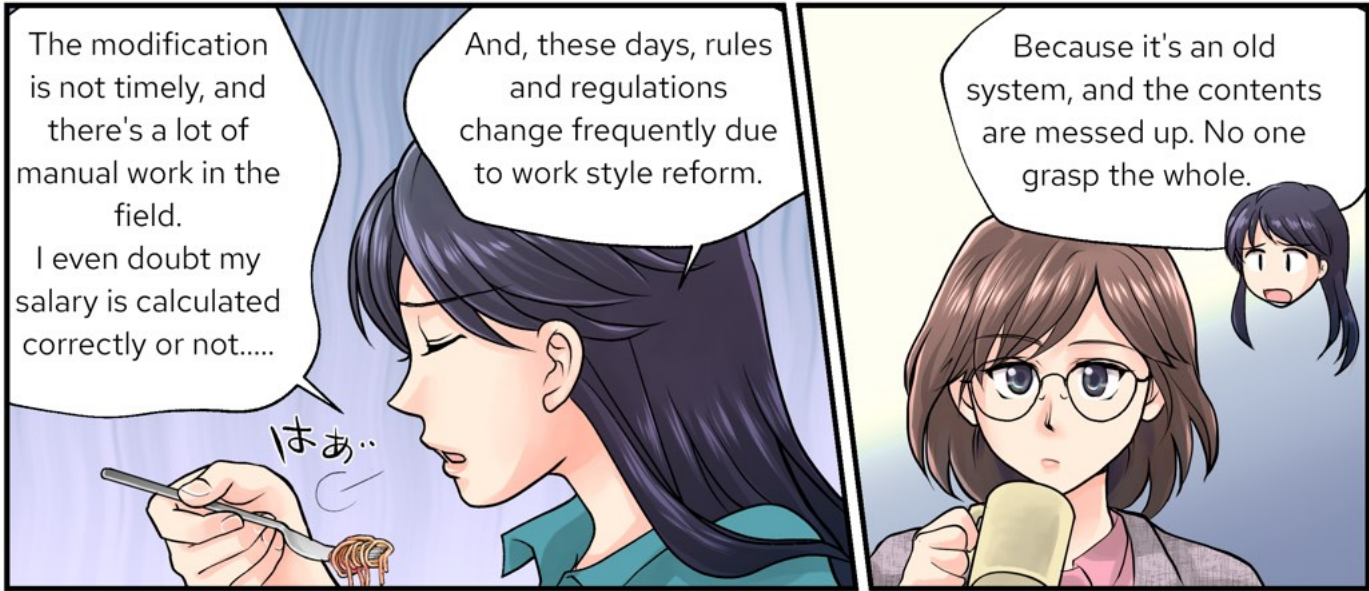
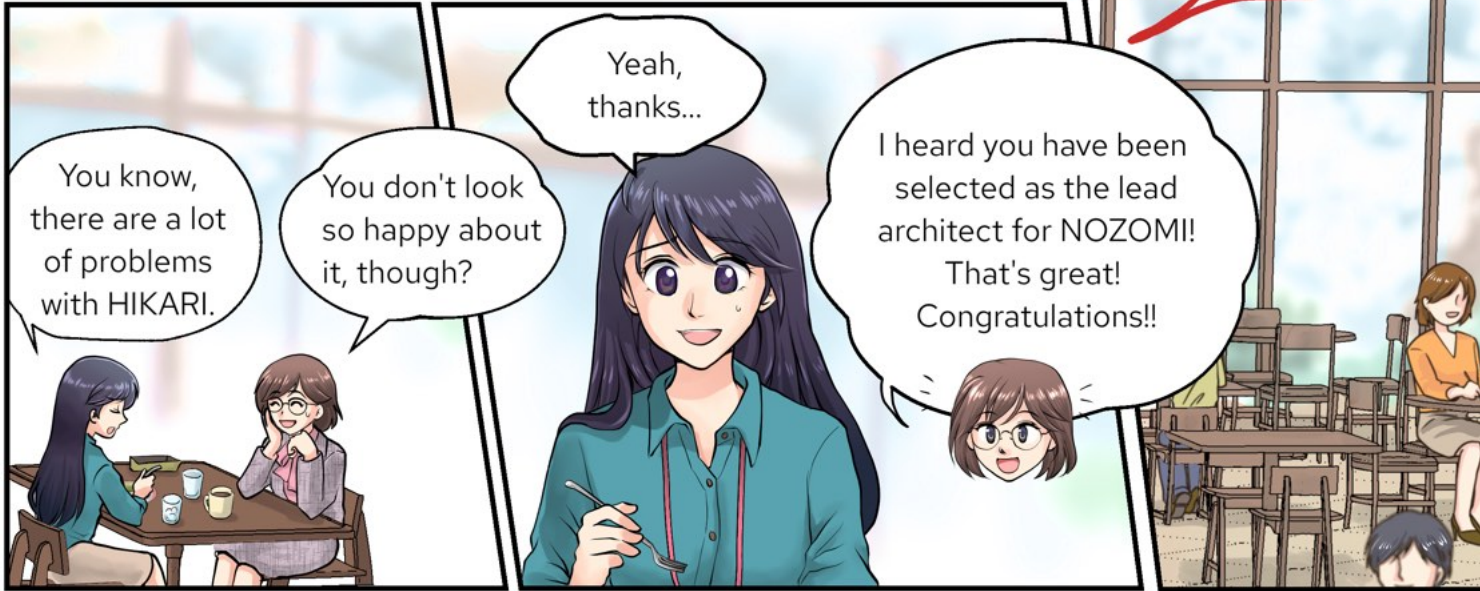
Friendly reminder, manga are supposed to be read from right to left, from top to bottom.

Example:

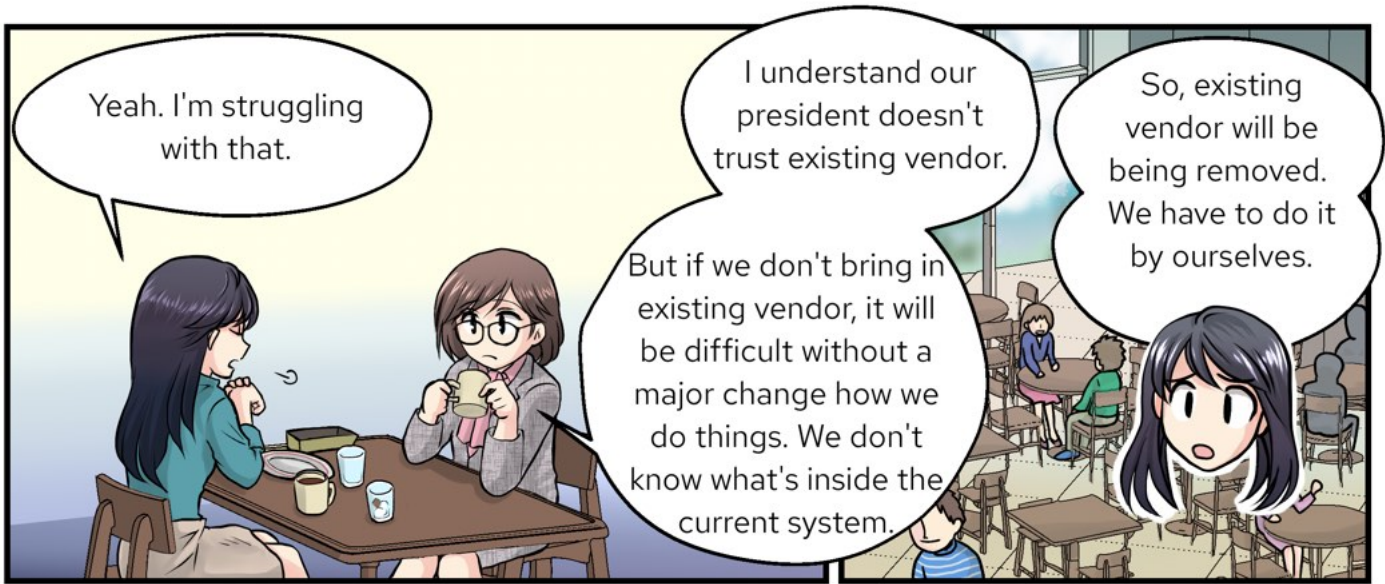




**Start Here!!**



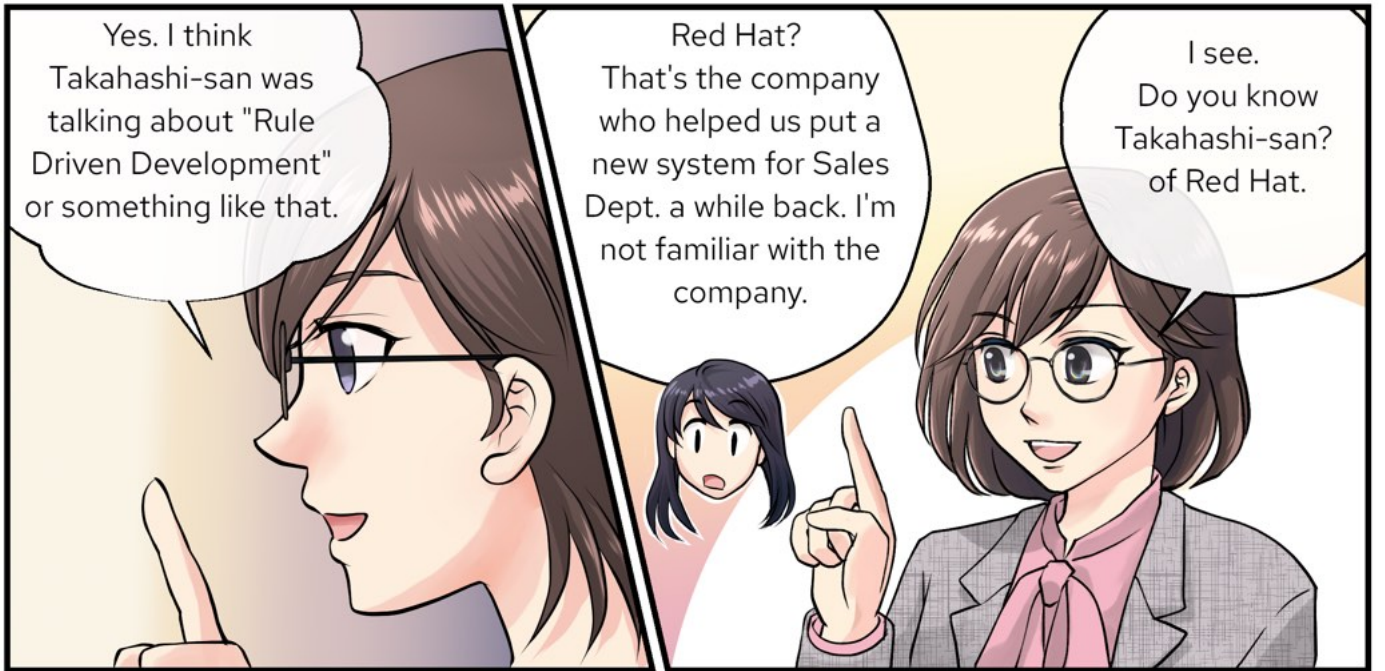




Yeah. I'm struggling with that.

I understand our president doesn't trust existing vendor. But if we don't bring in existing vendor, it will be difficult without a major change how we do things. We don't know what's inside the current system.

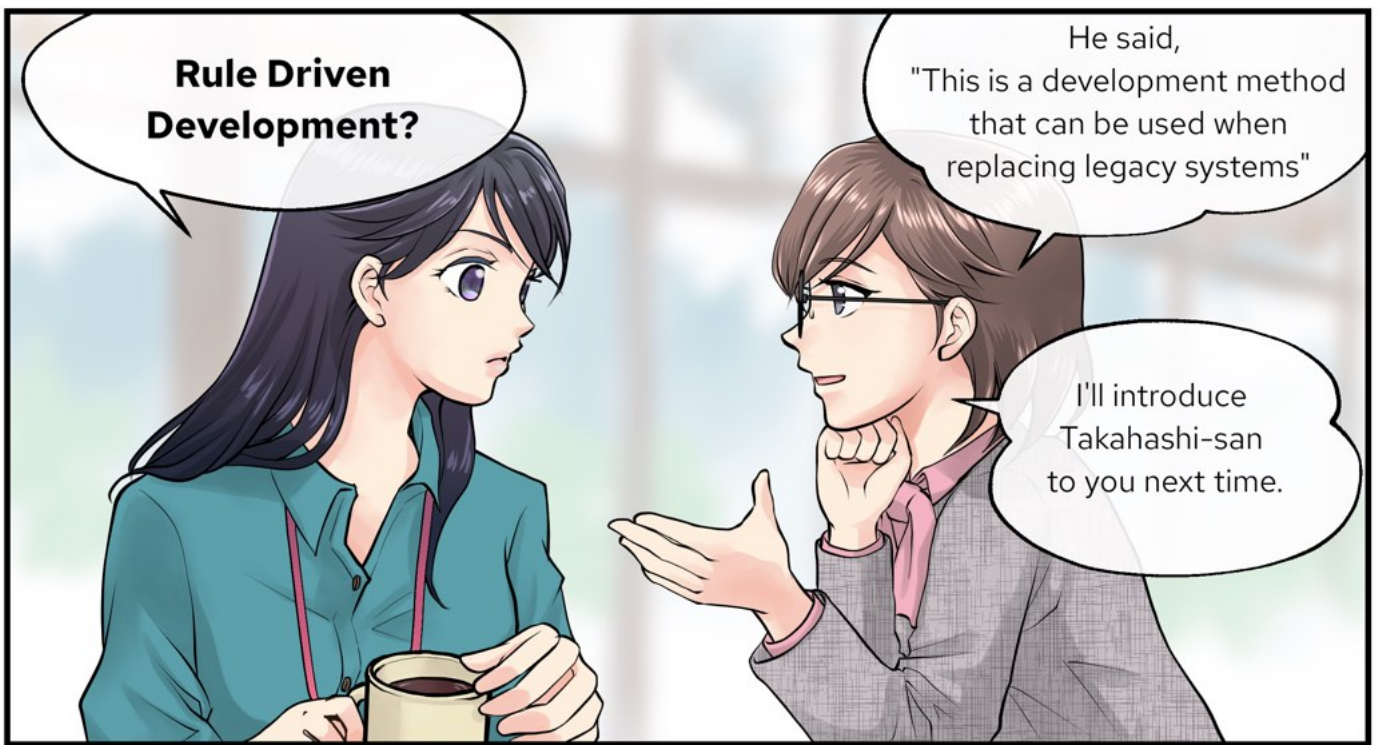
So, existing vendor will be being removed. We have to do it by ourselves.



Yes. I think Takahashi-san was talking about "Rule Driven Development" or something like that.

Red Hat? That's the company who helped us put a new system for Sales Dept. a while back. I'm not familiar with the company.

I see. Do you know Takahashi-san? of Red Hat.

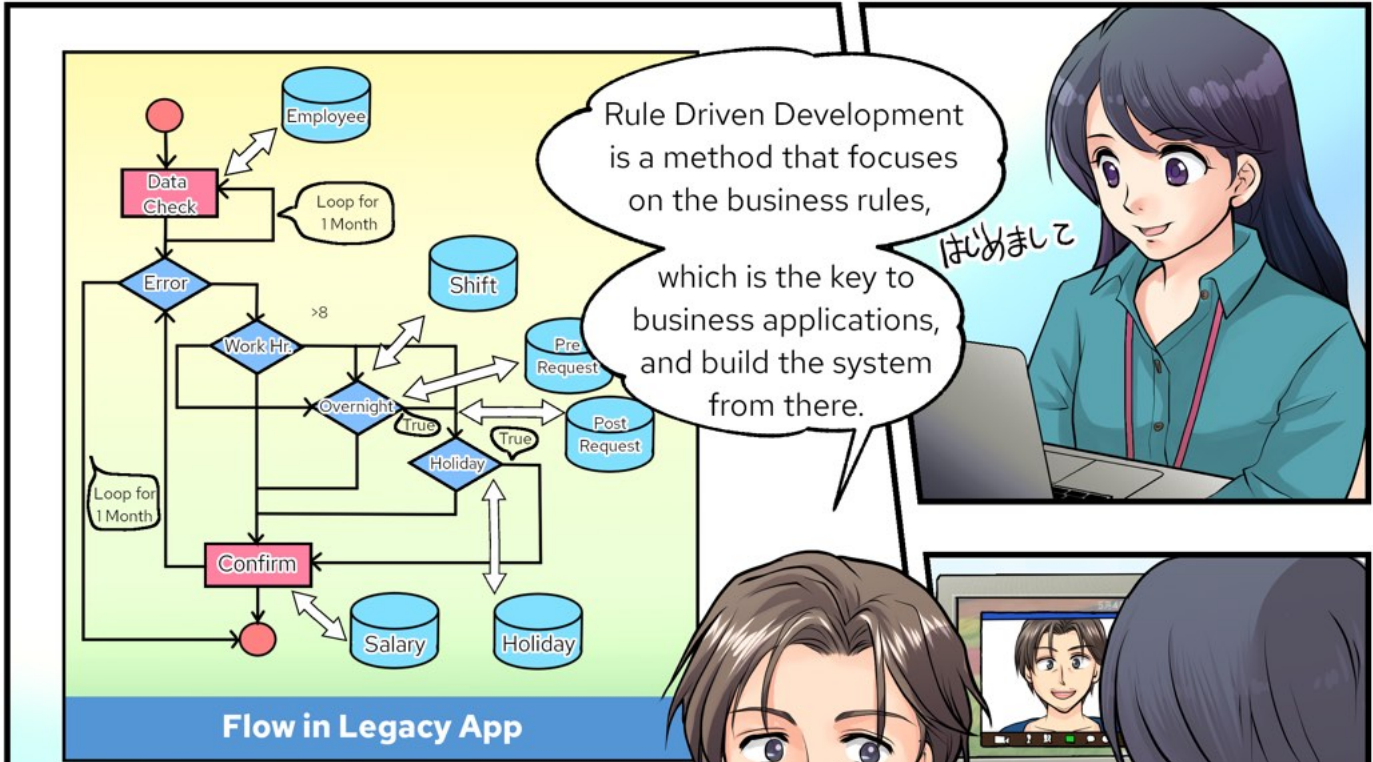


**Rule Driven Development?**

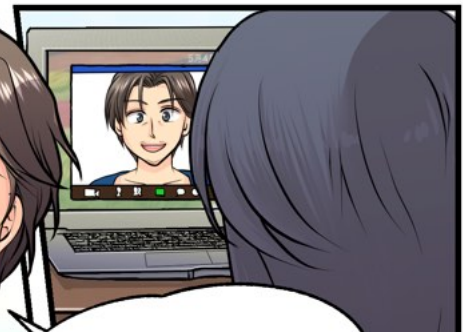
He said, "This is a development method that can be used when replacing legacy systems"

I'll introduce Takahashi-san to you next time.





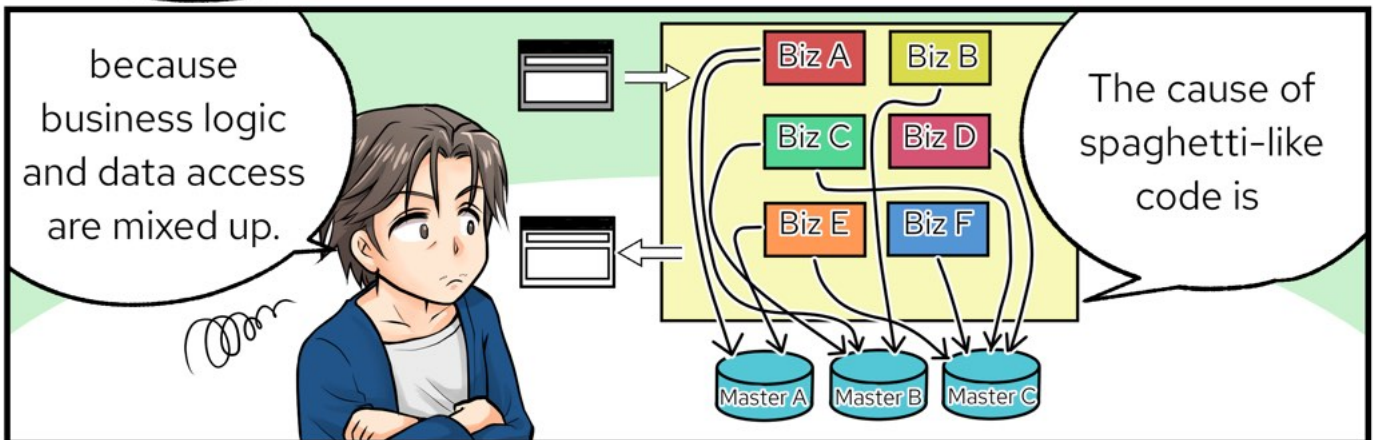
Rule Driven Development is a method that focuses on the business rules, which is the key to business applications, and build the system from there.



**The key is architecture.**

Takahashi

The business rules are implemented as conditional statements in the application, but in the process of repeated modifications, it becomes tangled structure that repeatedly access data in this chart.



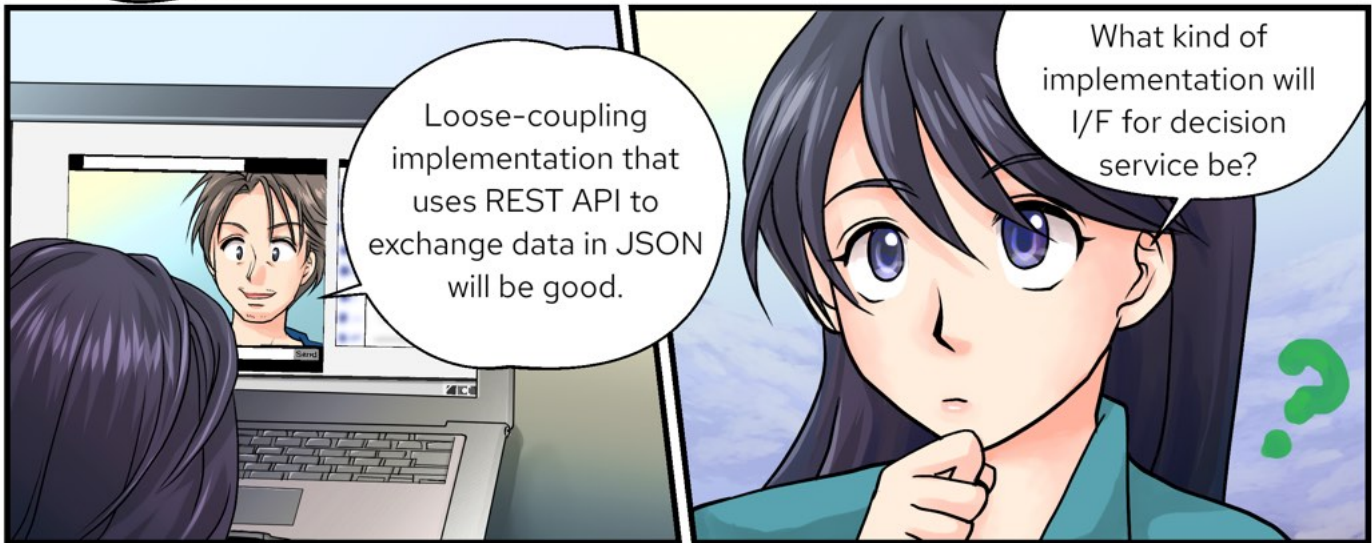
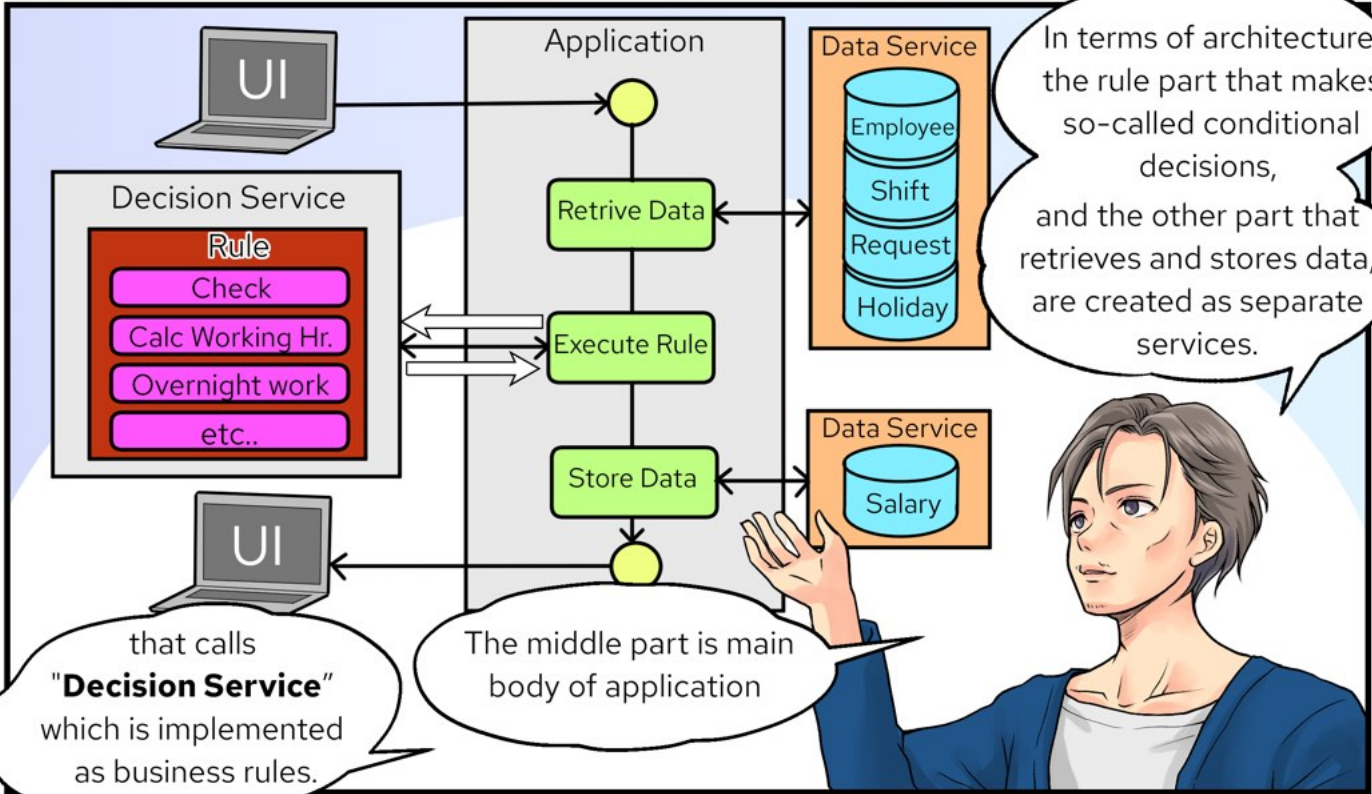
because business logic and data access are mixed up.

The cause of spaghetti-like code is

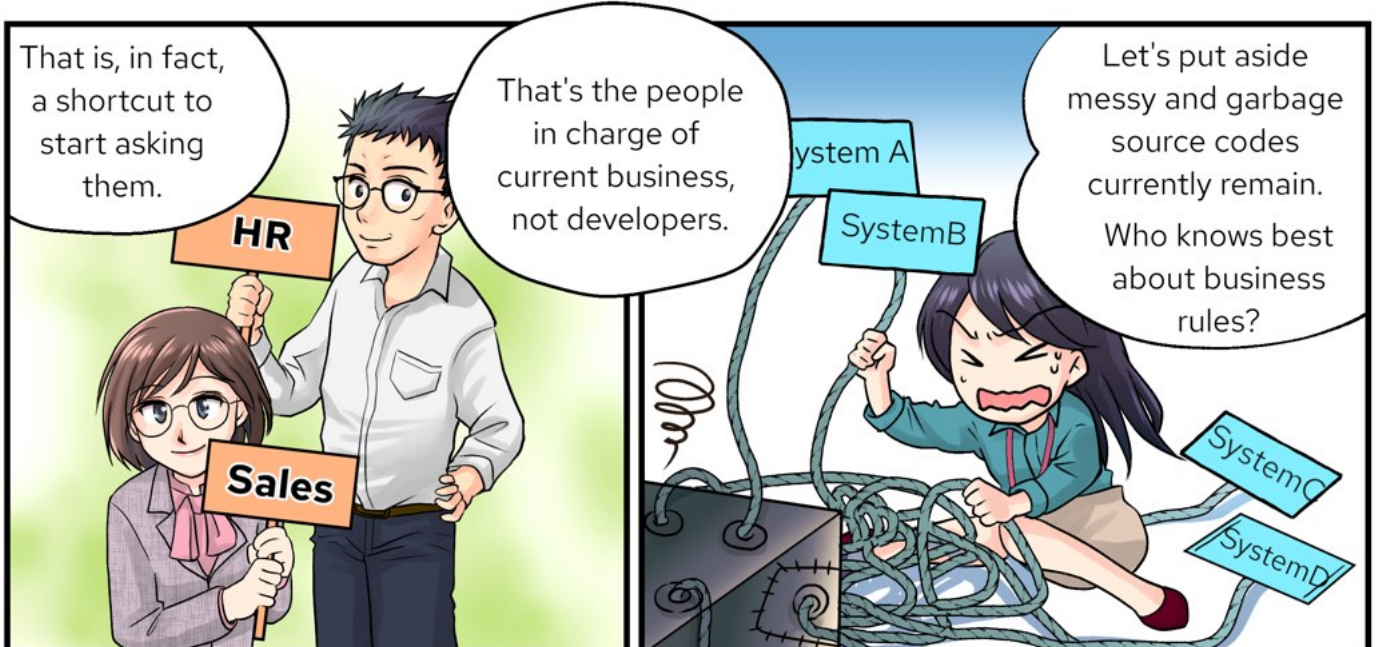
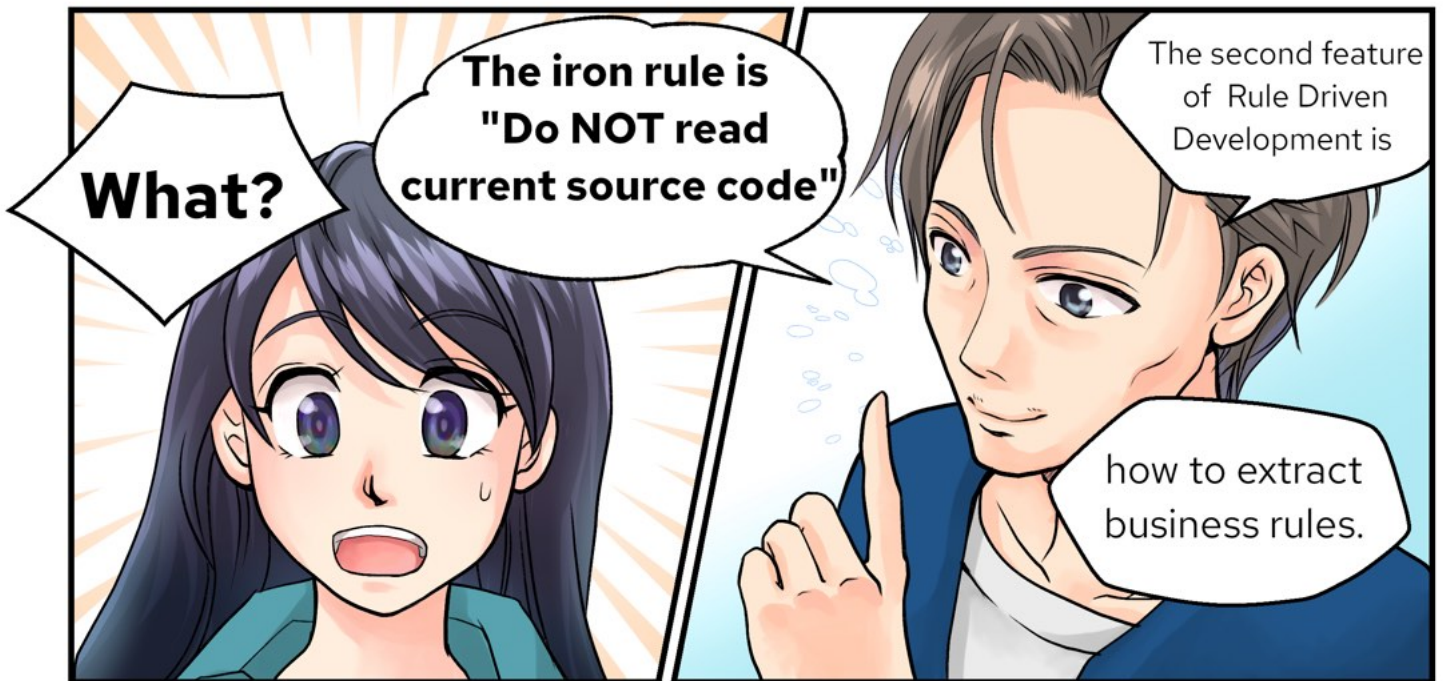
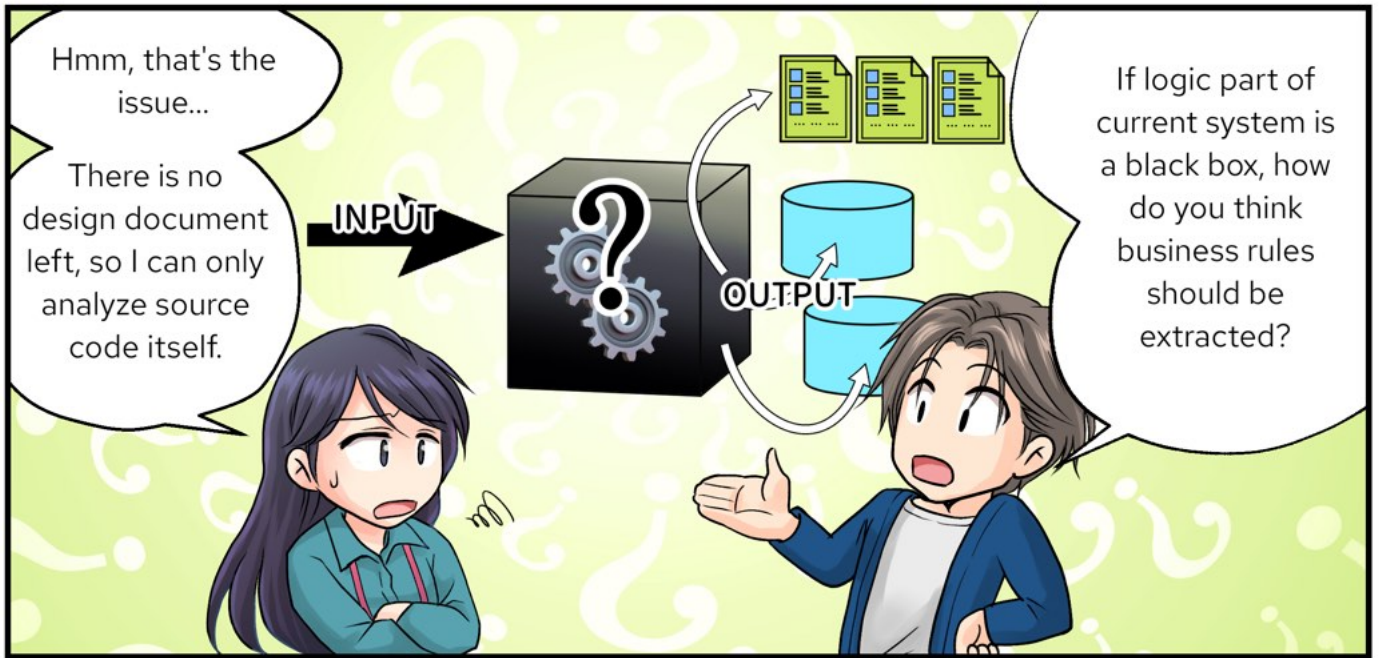


That's exactly what HIKARI is like. Indecipherable and messy...











If the rules are OK to be different, we should implement as different rule.

Even in similar tasks, rules may be different by different person in charge.

```

    graph TD
      Order[Order] --> Purchase[Purchase Cost]
      Order --> SG&A[SG&A Expense]
      Purchase --- Q1[?]
      SG&A --- Q2[?]
  
```

But If they should be the same, then make them unified.

The important thing when you ask them is

to organize with business terminology by business unit.

HR DB

- Transfer history
- Evaluation
- Training
- Social Insurance
- Personal Account
- Adjustment
- Bonus
- Allowance
- Severance Pay

But would it take so much time as same as redefining requirements from scratch?

As a merit of Rule Driven Development, you can start to organize what business rule should be, as starting point.

Iterative development by using rule engine...

To do that, it is important to use rule engine and proceed with iterative development.

It takes much shorter time and more efficient than discovering rules you need from a garbage source code.





# Red Hat Decision Manager

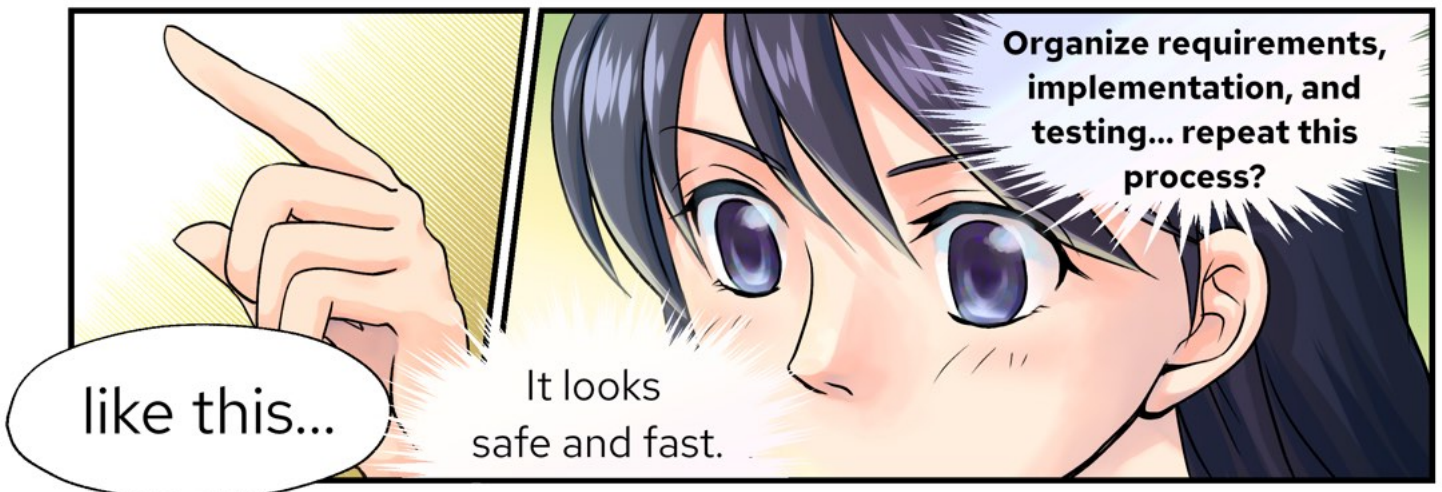
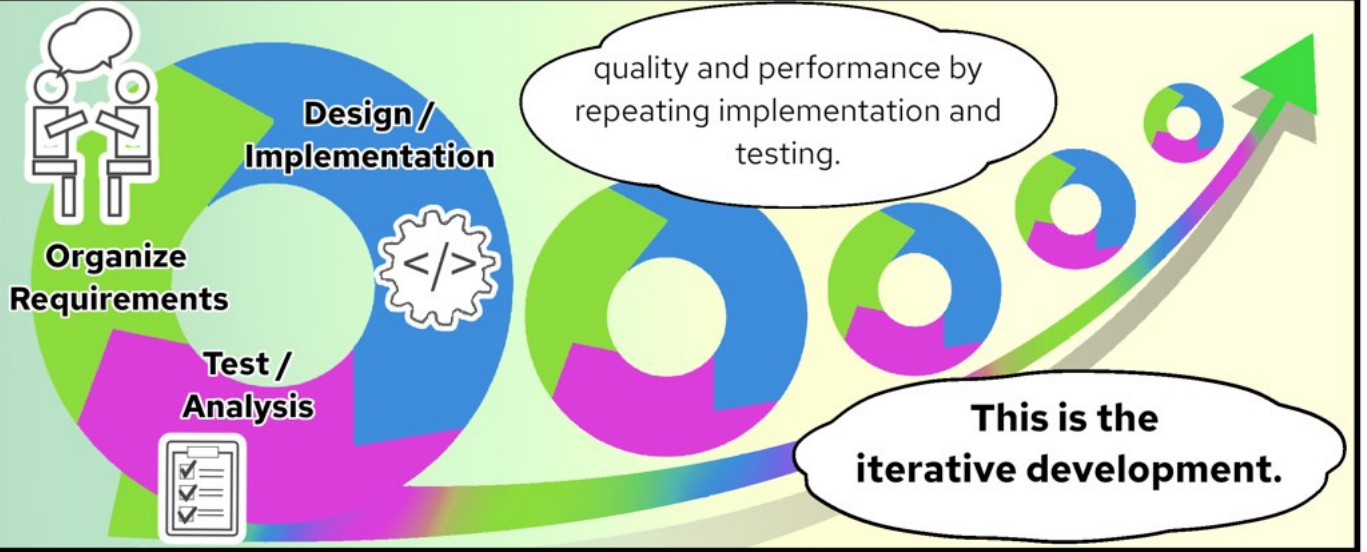
Evaluate CONDITION

Do ACTION

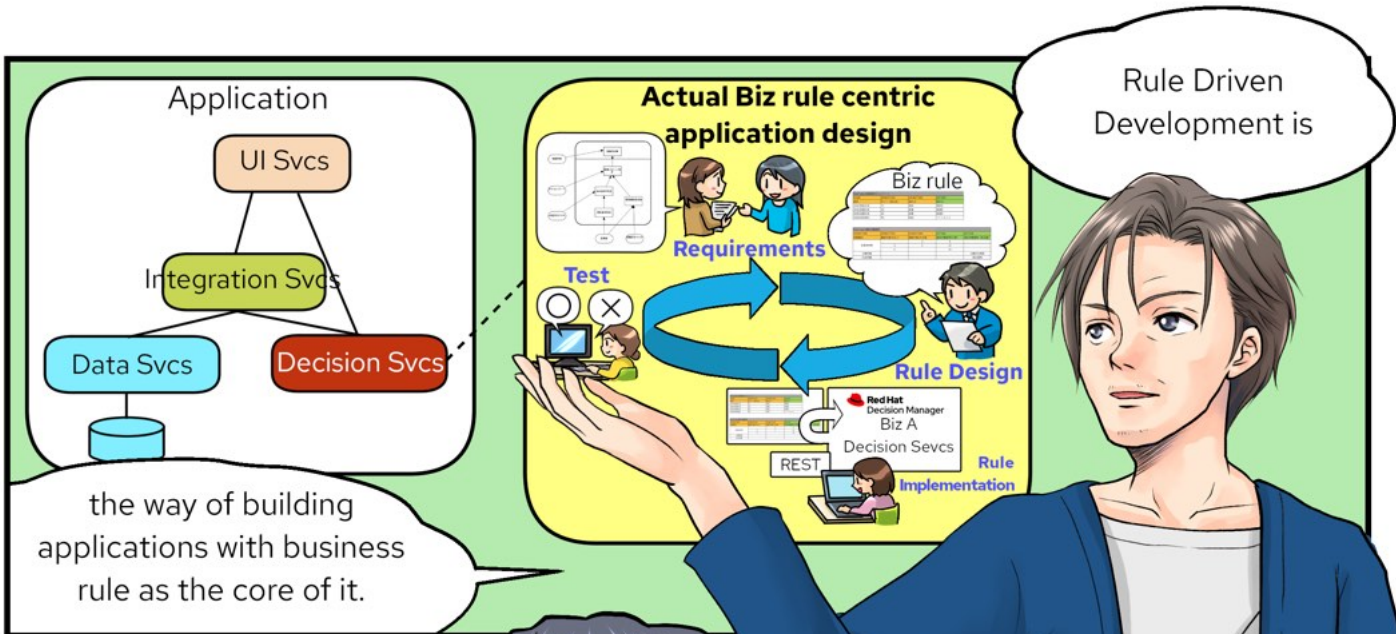
RuleTable "Campaign point rate"					
Name of Camp	CONDITION				ACTION
	Date		Amount		Point rate
Enjoy your culture?	3rd Nov.	23rd Nov.		\$49.99	0%
			\$50.00	\$99.99	10%
			\$100.00	\$399.99	20%
Black Friday	24th Nov.	30th Nov.		\$39.99	0%
			\$40.00	\$199.99	20%

A rule engine is a mechanism to intuitively execute a rule such as "if A, then B", and to make it work efficiently.

By organizing business rules in this way, you can always check any discrepancies in recognition,







Rule Driven Development is

the way of building applications with business rule as the core of it.

I wonder if that would really work, not looking at current source code.

But it seems interesting to see how really necessary things to be uncovered.

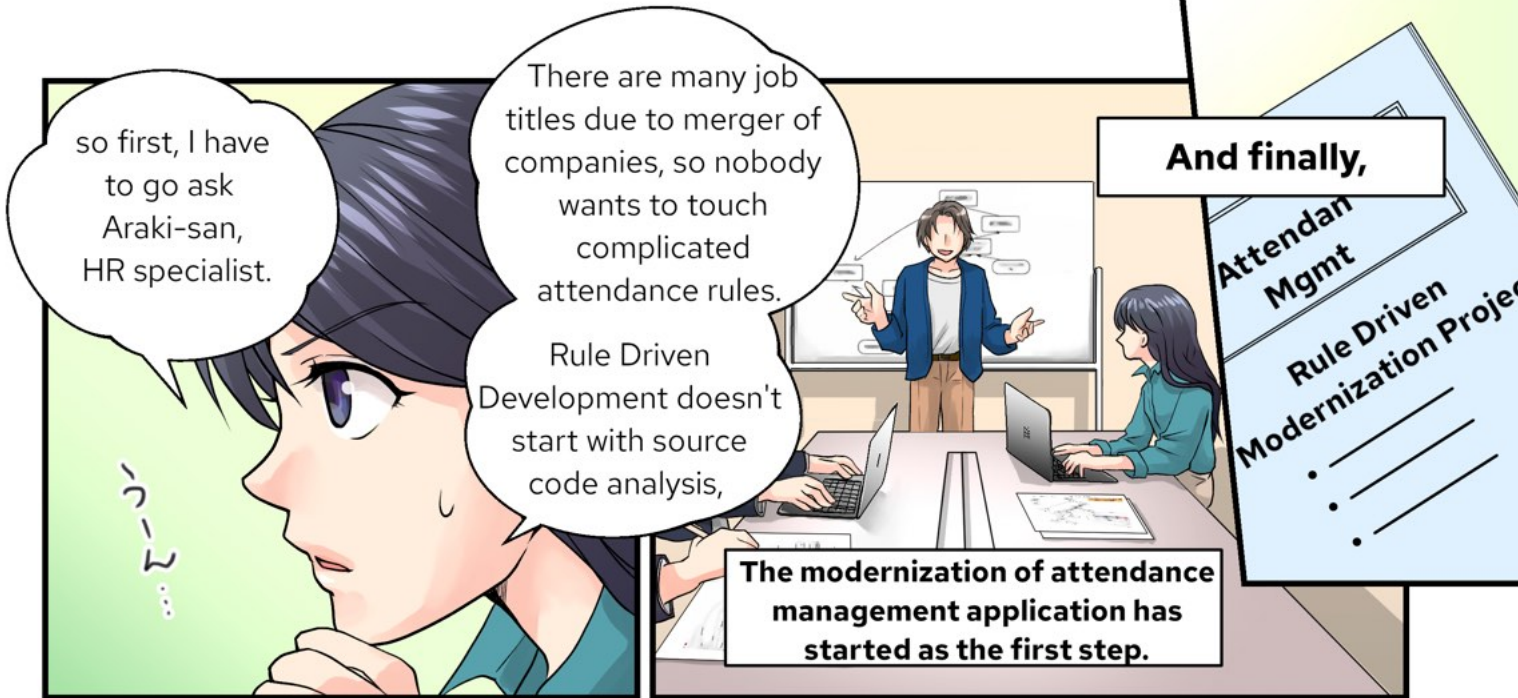
Above all, we've been leaving everything to vendors, but if we work together with business side to organize rules by ourselves,

**we'll be able to understand HIKARI better.**

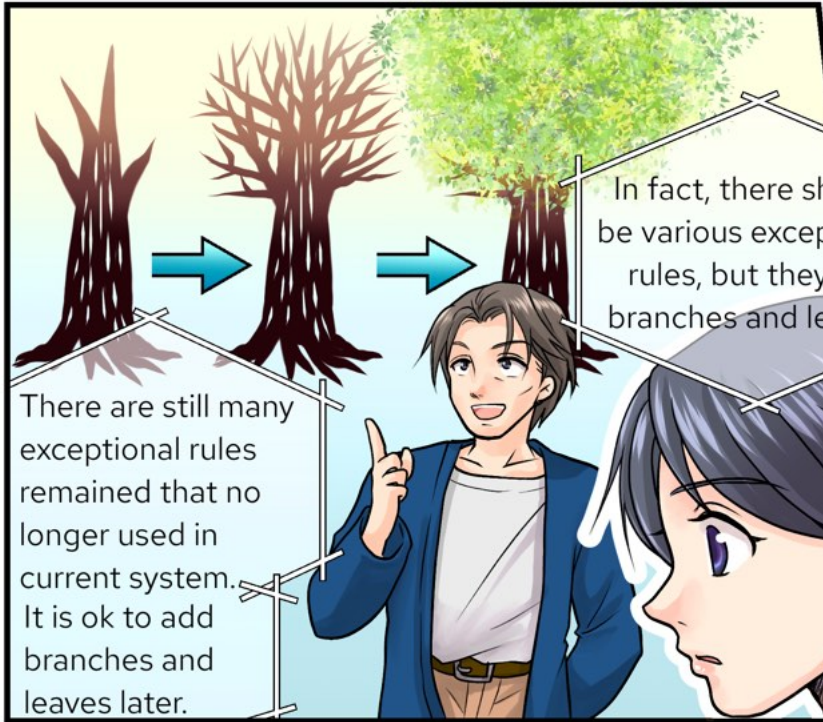
Takahashi-san, would you be interested in joining the NOZOMI project as a technical advisor?

Rule Driven Development, I would really like to try it. Please tell me more about it!





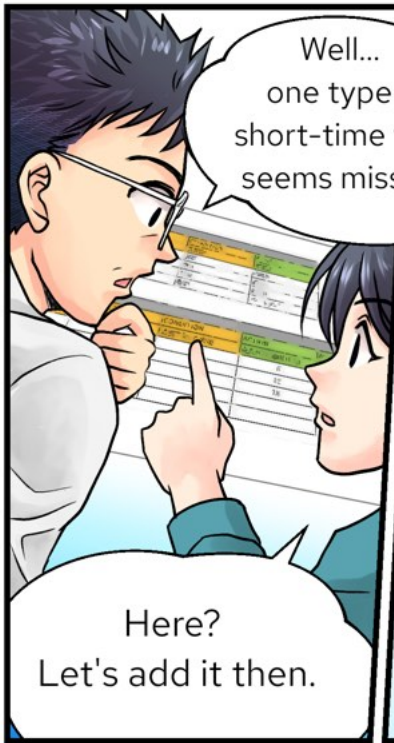




There are still many exceptional rules remained that no longer used in current system. It is ok to add branches and leaves later.

In fact, there should be various exceptional rules, but they are branches and leaves.

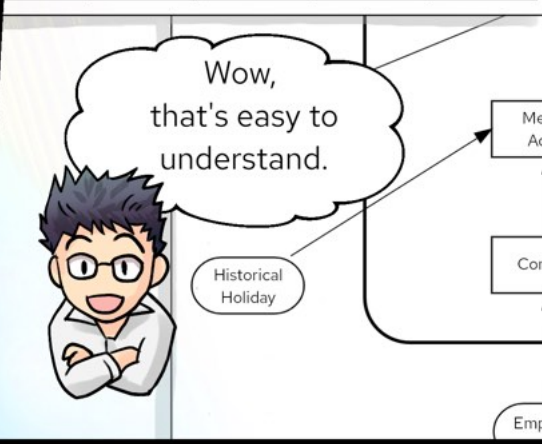
When extracting rules, start with main rules as trunk of a tree, the ones that everyone knows.



Well... one type of short-time work seems missing.

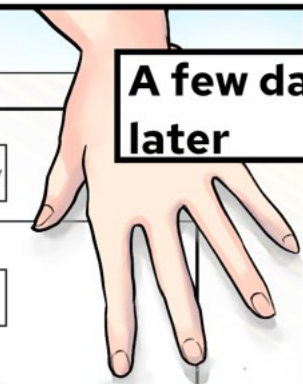
Here? Let's add it then.

CONDITION	CONDITION	ACTION	ACTION
旧コード継承	現区分	新区分	
11Y	契約	契約B	
2	派遣	派遣B	
	派遣	派遣B	
	特別	パートタイム	



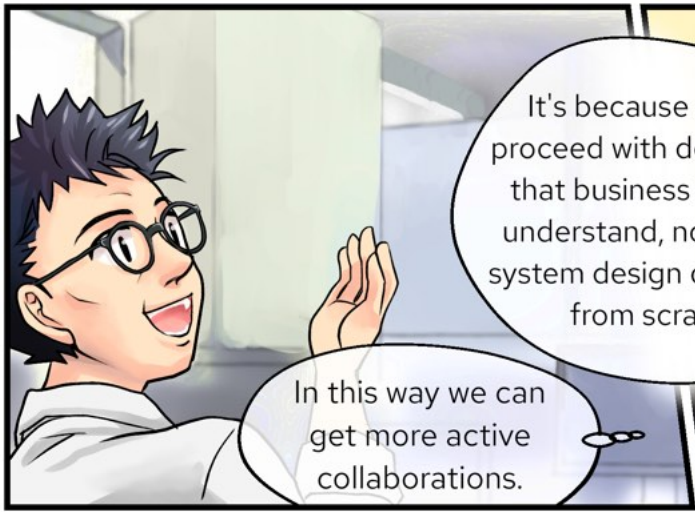
Wow, that's easy to understand.

Historical Holiday



**A few days later**

I tried to organize like this.



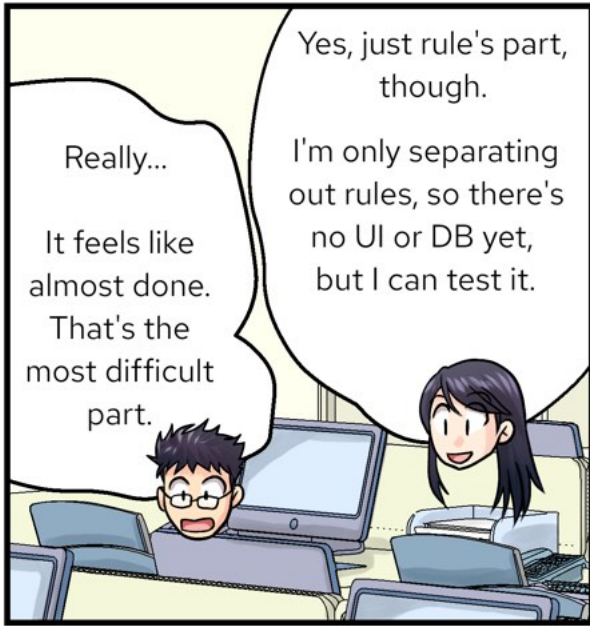
It's because we can proceed with description that business side can understand, not writing system design document from scratch.

In this way we can get more active collaborations.



It's so much easier to align requirements.





Yes, just rule's part, though.  
I'm only separating out rules, so there's no UI or DB yet, but I can test it.

Really...  
It feels like almost done.  
That's the most difficult part.

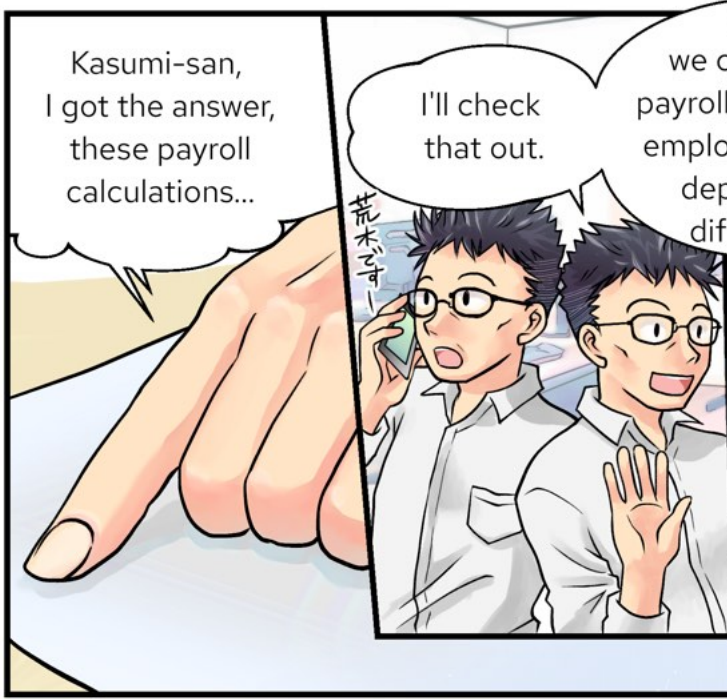


**A few more days later,**

What?  
You've already done that?

I tested rules we talked the other day with past data.

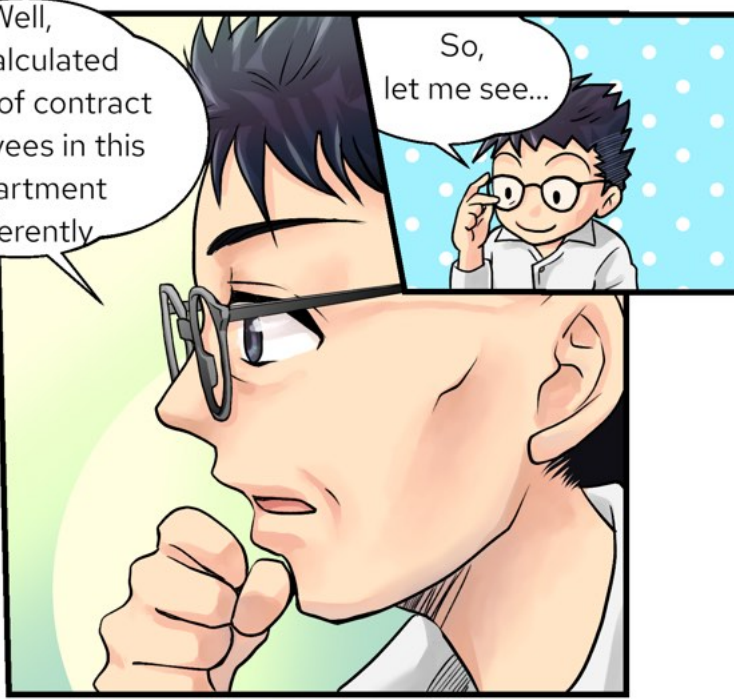
Then I got different results, here and here.



Kasumi-san, I got the answer, these payroll calculations...

I'll check that out.

Well, we calculated payroll of contract employees in this department differently



So, let me see...



Above all, we can proceed with the most important part of business rules while checking its quality from such an early stage.

It is very safe and reassuring.

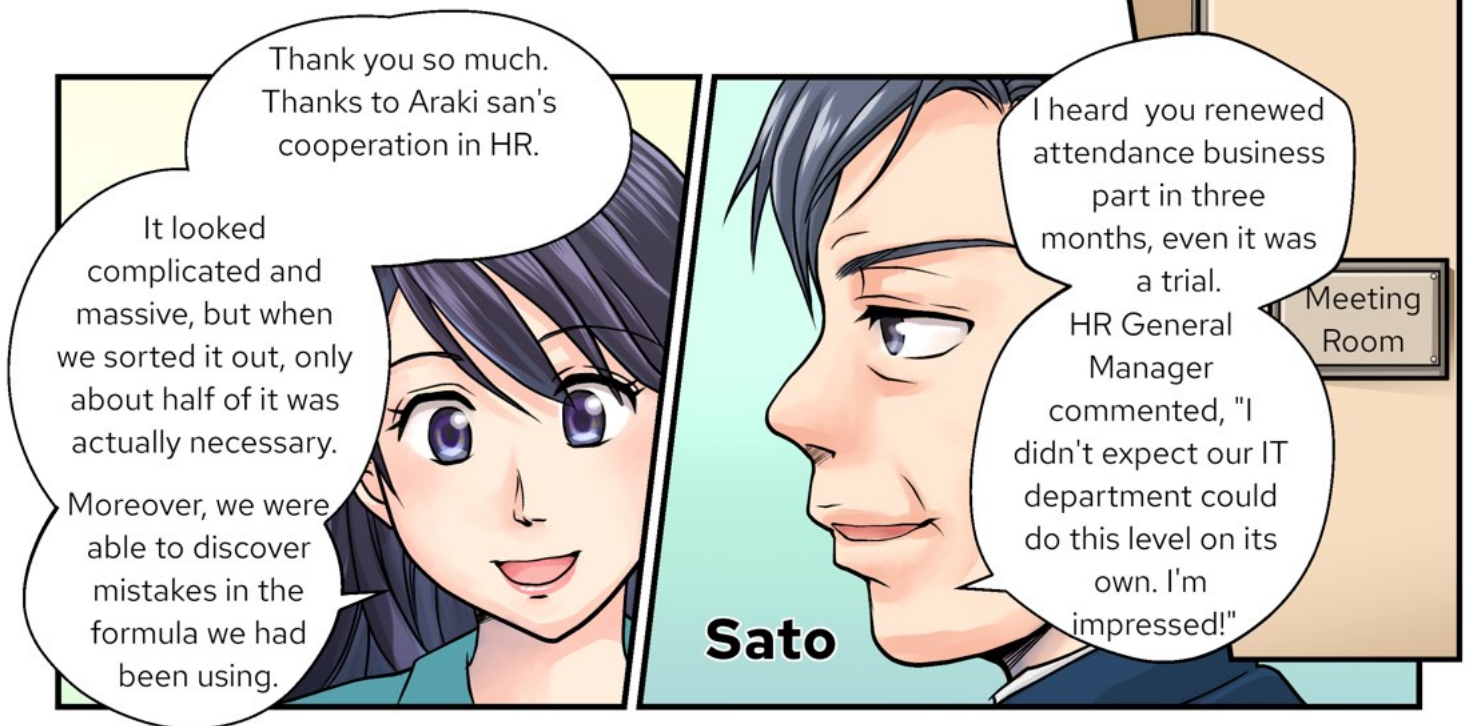
This project is going to be great.

We can find out where the rules are lacking by testing like this.

The sooner we get cooperation, the sooner we can resolve the issue.

**This is the Rule Driven Development!**





Thank you so much.  
Thanks to Araki san's  
cooperation in HR.

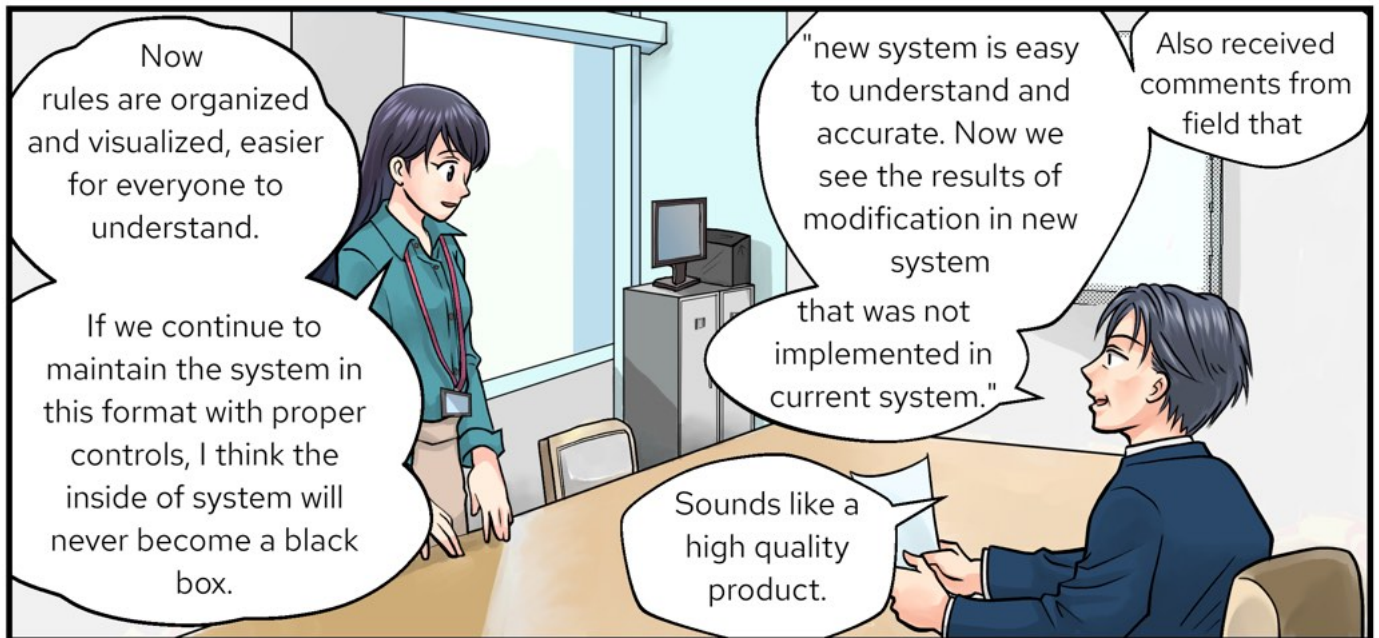
It looked  
complicated and  
massive, but when  
we sorted it out, only  
about half of it was  
actually necessary.

Moreover, we were  
able to discover  
mistakes in the  
formula we had  
been using.

**Sato**

I heard you renewed  
attendance business  
part in three  
months, even it was  
a trial.  
HR General  
Manager  
commented, "I  
didn't expect our IT  
department could  
do this level on its  
own. I'm  
impressed!"

Meeting  
Room



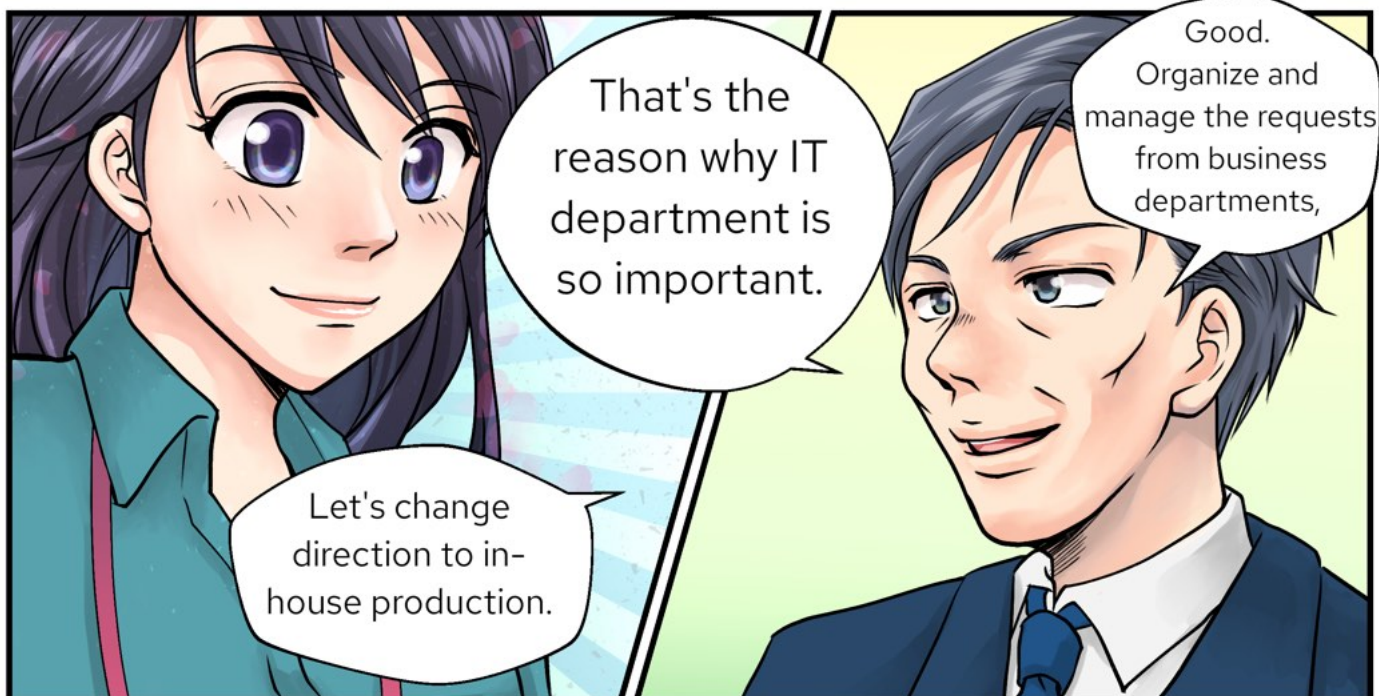
Now  
rules are organized  
and visualized, easier  
for everyone to  
understand.

If we continue to  
maintain the system in  
this format with proper  
controls, I think the  
inside of system will  
never become a black  
box.

"new system is easy  
to understand and  
accurate. Now we  
see the results of  
modification in new  
system  
that was not  
implemented in  
current system."

Also received  
comments from  
field that

Sounds like a  
high quality  
product.



That's the  
reason why IT  
department is  
so important.

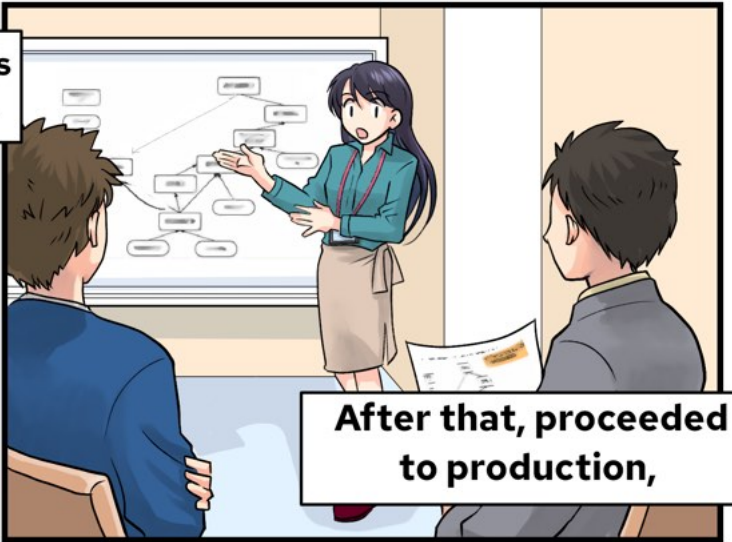
Let's change  
direction to in-  
house production.

Good.  
Organize and  
manage the requests  
from business  
departments,





the project won the President's Award, and I got a promotion.

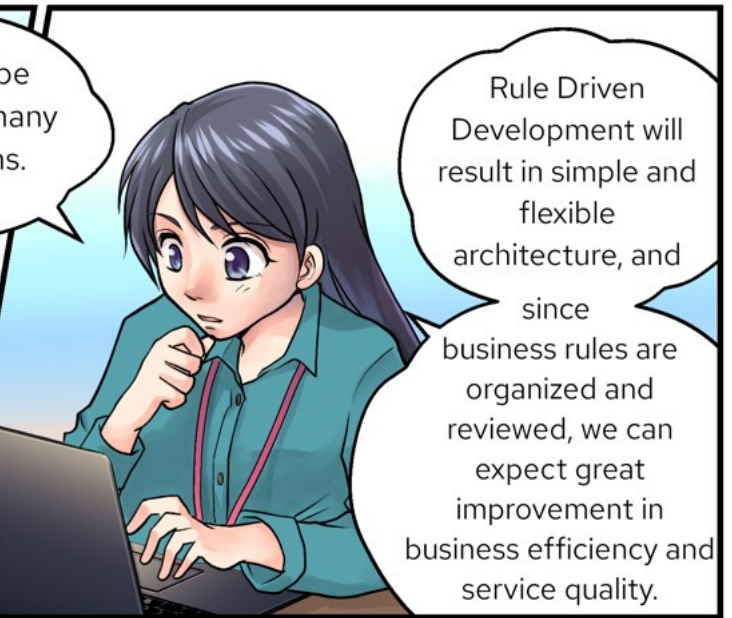


After that, proceeded to production,



It's going to be applicable to many other systems.

I will be busy from now on.



Rule Driven Development will result in simple and flexible architecture, and since business rules are organized and reviewed, we can expect great improvement in business efficiency and service quality.



I don't think it won't happen for a while...

I need to ask for more people in the IT department!



Let's go out for dinner if you could find the time!!



# Key products used in modernization provided by Red Hat

The rule engine needed for modernization successfully

 **Red Hat Decision Manager\***

 **Red Hat Consulting**

We'll Help you with Rule Driven Development!



 **Red Hat Process Automation Manager\***

For task and progress management

The definitive to integrate system and services

 **Red Hat Fuse**

Essential Items for Microservices

 **Red Hat AMQ**

How about new API businesses?



 **Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform**

This is the container env.!



 **Red Hat 3scale API Management**

 **Red Hat Ansible Automation Platform**

Let's modernize operations to make it more intelligent.

 **Red Hat Data Grid**

In Memory DB for ultra-high speed processing

All picture drawn by @koyagi\_rm : Special Thanks!!

Please contact Red Hat! We can help you!!

\* Red Hat is transferring the Process Automation Manager and Decision Manager products to IBM. Red Hat PAM/DM V7.13 was released on August 4, 2022, and will be the last product version released by Red Hat. Future product versions, beginning with PAM and DM V8.0, are available from IBM. IBM PAM/DM 8.0 was released on July 22, 2022. <https://access.redhat.com/articles/6966468> <https://community.ibm.com/community/user/automation/viewdocument/faq-ibm-process-automation-manage>